



Distribution: General

UNEP/CMS/COP12/Doc.21.1.11

19 May 2017

Original: English

12th MEETING OF THE CONFERENCE OF THE PARTIES Manila, Philippines, 23 - 28 October 2017 Agenda Item 21.1.11

RESOLUTIONS TO REPEAL IN PART

RECOMMENDATION 7.3, REGIONAL COORDINATION FOR SMALL CETACEANS AND SIRENIANS OF CENTRAL AND WEST AFRICA

(Prepared by the Secretariat on behalf of the Standing Committee)

Summary:

This document repeals in part Recommendation 7.3, Regional Coordination for Small Cetaceans and Sirenians of Central and West Africa.

DRAFT RESOLUTION

RECOMMENDATION 7.3 RESOLUTION 7.X¹, REGIONAL COORDINATION FOR SMALL CETACEANS AND SIRENIANS OF CENTRAL AND WEST AFRICA

NB: Proposed new text is <u>underlined</u>. Text to be deleted is crossed out.

Paragraph	Comments
Noting the results of the Conakry Workshop on the Conservation and	Retain
Management of Small Cetaceans of the African Coast (8-12 May 2000);	
Noting in particular the inclusion of the West African manatee Trichechus	Retain
senegalensis on Appendix II of CMS;	
Noting that coastal communities of the Atlantic Ocean and those living along	Retain
inland waters value these small cetaceans and sirenians for their heritage,	
economic, scientific, tourism and educational value as a significant	
component of the world's biodiversity;	5
Aware that threats to these species, notably destruction or modification of	Retain
habitats by the development of coastal areas and of the riverbanks of inland	
waters, pollution, agriculture, increasing mortality and by-catch could, if not	
properly managed, lead to further decline in their populations;	Datain
Further aware that these migratory species can move between national	Retain
jurisdictions; Acknowledging the initiatives that have been undertaken by several national	Retain
and international institutions in the Range States with a view to improving	Netalli
the knowledge on these species and on the threats to them;	
Recognising Recognizing that the conservation and sustainable	Retain
management of small cetacean and sirenian populations in the riparian	Retain
countries and of sirenian populations in the landlocked countries, as well as	
of their habitats in the Central and West African region, is a responsibility	
that needs to be shared; and	
Noting the keen interest in promoting the transfer of the experience gained	Retain
within CMS and its relevant Agreements;	
The Conference of the Parties of the	
Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals	
1. Encourages, on the basis of the recommendations of the Conakry	Repeal; work
Workshop and of the main concerns expressed by the landlocked countries,	completed
all Parties in the distribution range to consider the establishment of a	
memorandum of understanding on these species and the implementation of	
collaborative actions, notably through action plans, which would consider	
the particular characteristics of inland and marine waters;	
2. Encourages the participation of all stakeholders, including government	Repeal; work
agencies responsible for the conservation and management of small	completed
cetaceans and sirenians, as well as relevant non-governmental	
organizations and the international scientific community;	Datain
3. Recognises 1. Recognizes the need to promote the conservation of these	Retain
species small cetaceans and sirenians with the actors of civil society	
including those outside the area, such as oil companies, fish and	
aquaculture industries, and tourist operators; and 4. Recommends the countries of the region to designate as soon as possible	Repeal; work
a coordinator for the preparatory phase of the memorandum of	completed
understanding; and	compieted
	Detein
5. 2. Recommends multilateral and bilateral technical and financial partners	Retain

¹ Previously Recommendation 7.3.

Paragraph	Comments
to facilitate the implementation of this recommendation.	

ANNEX 2

RESOLUTION 7.X (REV. COP12)1

REGIONAL COORDINATION FOR SMALL CETACEANS AND SIRENIANS OF CENTRAL AND WEST AFRICA

Noting the results of the Conakry Workshop on the Conservation and Management of Small Cetaceans of the African Coast (8-12 May 2000),

Noting in particular the inclusion of the West African manatee *Trichechus senegalensis* on Appendix II of CMS,

Noting that coastal communities of the Atlantic Ocean and those living along inland waters value these small cetaceans and sirenians for their heritage, economic, scientific, tourism and educational value as a significant component of the world's biodiversity,

Aware that threats to these species, notably destruction or modification of habitats by the development of coastal areas and of the riverbanks of inland waters, pollution, agriculture, increasing mortality and by-catch could, if not properly managed, lead to further decline in their populations,

Further aware that these migratory species can move between national jurisdictions,

Acknowledging the initiatives that have been undertaken by several national and international institutions in the Range States with a view to improving the knowledge on these species and on the threats to them,

Recognizing that the conservation and sustainable management of small cetacean and sirenian populations in the riparian countries and of sirenian populations in the landlocked countries, as well as of their habitats in the Central and West African region, is a responsibility that needs to be shared, and

Noting the keen interest in promoting the transfer of the experience gained within CMS and its relevant Agreements,

The Conference of the Parties to the Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals

- 1. Recognizes the need to promote the conservation of small cetaceans and sirenians with the actors of civil society including those outside the area, such as oil companies, fish and aquaculture industries, and tourist operators;
- 2. Recommends multilateral and bilateral technical and financial partners to facilitate the implementation of this recommendation.

_

¹ Previously Recommendation 7.3.