



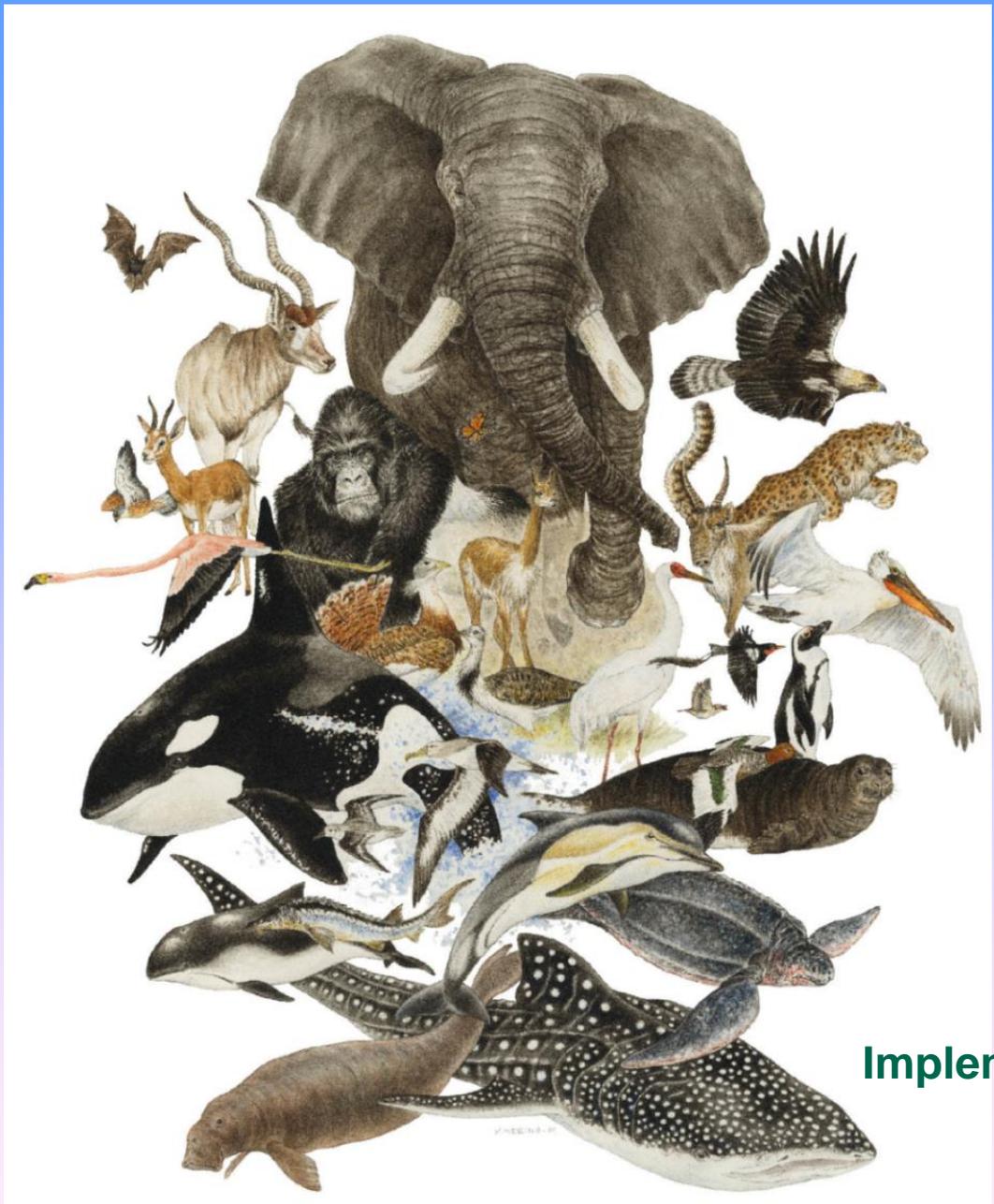
# Chapter 5 - Implementation

This chapter intends to provide information on different **aspects of implementation** in order to support NFPs with recommendations of how the CMS and its instruments could be implemented **at the national, regional and international levels.**

What does implementation actually involve?

Implementation

International aspects of implementation



Implementation of what?

## 5.1 What does implementation actually involve?

- Implementation means the **operationalization** of an agreement at the **national level**.
- CMS Family instruments are **implemented through the development of national strategies**:
  - **A specific national strategy dedicated to migratory species, as part of the NBSAPs**
  - A specific implementation national action plan

Such strategies can be **reinforced, mainstreamed or supplemented by other measure** such as:

- ❖ Development of laws and regulations (i.e. migratory species law or act)
- ❖ Economic incentives
- ❖ Education policies
- ❖ Enforcement programs and frameworks





African Preparatory Negotiation Workshop Empowers CMS Negotiators Entebbe  
CMS & AWEA - October 2011

# What are NBSAPs?

## What are NBSAPs?

- “Road maps” to fulfill Conventions objectives
- Tools for integration of biodiversity planning
- Plans that integrate biodiversity strategies into other related national initiatives

# CMS and NBSAPs

CMS is prepared guidelines on NBSAPs for the conservation of MS to integrate them in CBD's NBSAPs measures, including

- A review on what the CMS Family has already in place
- National implications, required strategies and actions
- Review of existing NBSAPs
  - identify links to
    - relevant protected areas
    - Habitats
    - institutional, legal and policy requirements

# **Requirements for NFPs on CMS's NBSAPs**

Liaise with NFPs of other MEAs in order to

- strengthen synergies
- avoid duplication
- promote effective use of potentially scarce resources



# NBSAP project objectives

- Review experience in development, implementation and revision of NBSAPs
- review extend of mainstreaming into policy, plans and projects
- identify the obstacles/barriers
- develop recommendations for national biodiversity planning

# NBSAP process

- 171 countries (89%) prepared NBSAPs
- 13 countries in the process of preparing NBSAPs
- 9 countries not taken steps to prepare NBSAPs
- 49 countries revised NBSAPs or in process of doing so



# NBSAPs and other biodiversity-related conventions

*Very few NBSAPs include measures to implement the other global biodiversity related conventions in their NBSAPs*

- Aichi Target 17: Parties must implement NBSAPs by 2015
  - involve all biodiversity-related focal points in NBSAP process
  - CBD Executive Secretary should collaborate with the other biodiversity-related secretariats
- COP 10 requests CBD and CMS secretariats to work together in:
  - Updating the joint work programme
  - Providing support with NBSAPs to Parties

# Progress in NBSAP implementation

Progress in implementation of NBSAPs has mostly been in the following areas:

- improving the knowledge base
- communication, education and public awareness
- coverage of protected areas
- development of new legislation

# CMS and CBD

- CBD and CMS need a coherent approach to Convention implementation
  - All CMS Parties are CBD Parties
- CBD actions benefit migratory species
  - CBD work programmes affect habitats for migratory species
  - CBD Strategic Plan 2011-2020 includes many migratory species-related issues

# Implementation cycle

