NATIONAL REPORTS FOR THE AQUATIC WARBLER MOU AND ACTION PLAN RUSSIAN FEDERATION

This reporting format is designed to monitor the implementation of the Action Plan associated with the Memorandum of Understanding Concerning Conservation Measures for the Aquatic Warbler *Acrocephalus paludicola*. Reporting on the Action Plan's implementation will support information exchange throughout the range and assist the identification of necessary future actions by the Signatories. The questions presented here go beyond the scope of information already requested from CMS Contracting Parties for national reports to the CMS Conference of the Parties.

GENERAL INFORMATION

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OBJECTIVES

1.0 POLICY AND LEGISLATIVE

1.1.	To promote	national	and	international	broad	policies	and	legislation	which
	favour the c	onservatio	n of t	the Aquatic Wa	arbler a	nd its ha	bitat		

1.1.1.	Pro int	wour the conservation of the Aquatic Warbler and its habitat comote the full protection of the Aquatic Warbler and its habitats through national and cernational legislation Is the Aquatic Warbler protected under national legislation in your country? ☐ Yes, the species is protected and protection level is sufficient X Yes, the species is protected, but protection level is not sufficient ☐ No, the species is not protected
	The	If Yes, please describe the state of protection and limitations and conservation responsibilities this protection status imposes on the state, conservationists and land-users. e Species is listed in Red Data Book of Russian Federation as a rare species with unclear tus. Really no one breeding population is known now in the territory of RF, so it is impossible say about level of protection: we have no the object for real protection activity.
		If the Aquatic Warbler is not protected or protection level is not sufficient, please describe what your country is planning to do to ensure highest possible protection of the species. rveys are necessary for finding any breeding populations of the species. Existent rules allow to protect the species by its exclusion from any forms of exploitation and to propose its breeding locality for establishment of protected territory.
	d)	Is there national legislation in place in your country that ensures effective protection of Aquatic Warbler habitat (breeding, stop-over and wintering sites), including prevention of potentially detrimental activities (drainage, mineral extraction, industry, etc.).
		X Yes □ No
		If Yes, please provide details. e 1.1.1 c: breeding of the species in protected territory leads to rather good level of its protection, but discovery of breeding population will not leads to establishment of protected territory automatically.
	f)	If No, please describe measures taken to ensure protection of Aquatic Warbler breeding habitats.
1.1.2.	bre Are	eek national or international policy incentives to maintain suitable farming practices at seeding sites which are impacted by drainage or threatened by succession e there any national or international policy incentives to maintain suitable farming actices at breeding sites in your country (agro-environmental schemes, etc.)?
		☐ Yes ☐ No X Country is outside of breeding range

If yes, please describe briefly the nature of the incentives and whether they are effectively applied or used by farmers and land-managers.

If no, please describe what measures are being taken to ensure availability of such incentives.

^ ^		AND	LIABITAT BROTEOTION
2.0	SPECIES	AND	HABITAT PROTECTION

- 2.1. To promote adequate protection of the breeding sites and remove key factors adversely affecting the breeding habitat
- 2.1.1. Seek designation as protected areas of all sites regularly holding breeding Aquatic Warblers.
 - a) In the table attached (Annex I), please provide details for all regularly occupied Aquatic Warbler breeding sites in your country and indicate their protection status (please expand the table if necessary).
 - b) If Aquatic Warbler breeding sites currently are not fully protected or protection level is not sufficient, please provide information about constraints and what your country is planning to do to ensure full and adequate protection of these sites.
 - c) If Site Management Plans have not been developed for all Aquatic Warbler breeding sites, please describe what hampers development of Management Plans and what your country is doing to ensure development, approval and implementation of Site Management Plans for regular Aquatic Warbler breeding sites.
 - d) Please advise what assistance you would require to complete or improve existing Site Management Plans.
- 2.1.2. Prevent habitat alteration, habitat fragmentation, pollution and other factors that could be detrimental to the Aquatic Warbler in its breeding sites
 - a) Are new *development* projects that could potentially have a detrimental effect on current or potential Aquatic Warbler breeding sites (such as drainage, peat extraction, construction of highways, etc.) subject to environmental impact assessment in your country?

		Yes	□ No	X Country is outside of
b)	Have there been any potentially detrimental processing the second	rojects	impleme	breeding range nted in any Aquation
ŕ	Warbler habitat in your country since signing thi	s Memo	orandum	of Understanding? ☐ Yes ☐ No
c)	If yes, indicate sites involved, give details an monitoring if available.	d desc	ribe the	outcome of impact
d)	Has implementation of any potentially detrime habitat in your country been halted since		•	•
	Understanding?			□ Yes □ No

e) If Yes, please give details.

2.2. To manage the breeding habitat to increase numbers, productivity and distribution

- 2.2.1. Regulate water levels and restore natural water conditions
 - a) Has water management been implemented at Aquatic Warbler breeding sites in your country?

☐ Yes	☐ No X Country is outside of
	breeding range

b)	lf	Yes,	please	describe	actions	taken,	sites	involved	and	effects
	exi	pected/a	achieved.							

- c) What constraints are limiting implementation of these activities at other sites in need of effective water management?
- 2.2.2. Prevent natural succession of the vegetation by undertaking management where necessary
 - a) Has vegetation management been undertaken at Aquatic Warbler breeding sites in your country to prevent natural succession?

☐ Yes ☐ No X Country is outside of breeding range

- b) If Yes, please describe actions taken (mowing, bush-removing, etc), what equipment was used for vegetation management and how efficient it was. Please refer to reports if available and comparative analysis of different types of equipment if it was conducted.
- c) If No, what constraints are limiting vegetation management at other sites where it is needed and what is your country doing to ensure proper vegetation management at Aquatic Warbler breeding sites?

2.2.3. Hand-scything and mowing

- a) If historical information is available, please describe to which extent current Aquatic Warbler breeding sites were hand scythed and mown.
- b) Are hand-scything and mowing being applied for habitat conservation for the Aquatic Warbler in your country?

☐ Yes ☐ No X Country is outside of breeding range

- c) If Yes, please describe how this was approached, which sites were involved and the area covered. Please provide details if conservation effect of hand-scything and mowing has been evaluated. Please refer to published materials if available.
- d) What constraints are limiting hand-scything and mowing at sites where extensive habitat management is needed?

2.2.4. Controlled burning

a) Is controlled burning a legal habitat management tool in your country?

☐ Yes ☐ No

- b) If Yes, is burning used as a habitat management tool for Aquatic Warbler? Please describe actions taken, sites involved and effects achieved or expected. Please refer to published materials if information regarding the effects of controlled burning has been summarized and published.
- c) If No, then what actions are being undertaken to legalize controlled burning?

2.2.5. Grazing

a) Has grazing been used for habitat management at Aquatic Warbler breeding sites in your country?

☐ Yes ☐ No X Country is outside of breeding range

b) If yes, please describe which animals are used, which sites are involved and what effects are expected/achieved. Please give reference to published materials if information regarding the effects of grazing has been summarized and published.

2.2.6.	Dis a)	eseminate habitat management recommendations to land managers Are Aquatic Warbler habitat management recommendations being disseminated to land managers and other interested parties in your country? □ Yes □ No X Country is outside of breeding range			
	b)	If Yes, please describe ways of dissemination of habitat management recommendations to land managers used: events, publications, etc. Please give reference to published materials.			
	c)	If No, then what constraints are limiting dissemination of habitat management recommendations and what should be done to overcome these constraints?			
	d)	Please advise if there is successful experience other Range States can draw on and what assistance your country would require to help share this information.			
2.3.1.a)passag	the migration route				
	ŕ	Are primary Aquatic Warbler passage/wintering sites appropriately managed in your country? □ Fully □ Partially X No one locality of passage sites are known in RF.			
	c)	Please list on-going and implemented projects and provide brief information about results achieved.			
2.4. 2.4.1.	To Un	What are the remaining gaps and what is your country planning to do to ensure sufficient protection and management of primary passage/wintering sites? restore habitats for the Aquatic Warbler dertake the ecological restoration of potential breeding sites Have potential or irregularly occupied Aquatic Warbler breeding sites in your			
	,	country been evaluated?			

b) If Yes, what initiatives aimed at ecological restoration of potential breeding sites have been undertaken in your country? Which sites are involved and what effects are expected/achieved?

□ Fully

□ Partially

☐ No X Country is outside

of breeding range

c) If No, what are the constraints and which actions should be taken in order to overcome these constraints?

3.0 MONITORING AND RESEARCH

3.1. To develop and implement a monitoring programme enabling population trends to be tracked

3.1.1. Distribution of a methodology for counting Aquatic Warblers

	a)	Is the methodology the national level <i>differ</i> Plan?		count rised in the Ad			
				□ Yes	□ No	X No metho	odology is adapted
	b)	If Yes, please describe	briefly possible d	ifferences and	d amend	lments.	
	c)	Does your country ha learned from this expe		plying this m	ethodolo	ogy and wha	at can be
	d)	What does your institutions/specialists	country do to with this methodol		and	familiarize	relevant
3.1.2.		ndertake national survey Have national (all-cou undertaken in your cou	ntry) surveys of A			ding popula	tion been
	Par	Yes (give years) rtial survey in different key No □ Country is outside			999-200	2, 2004, 2005	5
		If Yes, what methodo organization was coordinately were organized as Region), as a project of Russia), and as a field Totally only two records Region so it is no sence	dinating the surve a private initiative Russian Bird Cons projects of Aquat of not more than 5	ey? of M.V. Kalyal servation Unior tic Warbler Co birds were dor	kin in 19 n (1996, i onservation	95 (one poin 7 Regions of on Team (19	t in Pskov European 198-2005).
	c)	What is the size an males)? Please refer t				opulation (v	ocalizing
Ye	ar c	of survey: 1999-2005	Year of survey:		Year of	f survey:	
Po	•	ation size: estimate less than 500	Population size:		Popula	tion size:	
	nce: arble	M. Flade. Siberian Popular Flyway Newsletter, 1: 9. If Yes, to which extent Fully (> 90 % of su High (60-90 % of s X Medium (30-60 % of su) Low (< 30 % of sui)	was the territory itable habitats sur uitable habitats su of suitable habitat	of your count veyed) urveyed) s surveyed)		-	·
	e)	When is the next national your country?	onal (all-country)	survey of the	e Aquati	c Warbler p	lanned in
	f)	If no national surveys and what you country Warbler are conducted	going to do to e				

3.1.3.		Ilect data at the major known passage sites and identify further resting sites Have studies at known Aquatic Warbler passage sites been conducted in your country?
		□ Yes X No □
	b)	If Yes, please describe briefly, which major passage sites are being monitored, what monitoring is being conducted (Aquatic Warbler population, habitat parameters, impact assessment, migration strategy, etc) and which organizations are involved?
	c)	What are the main findings and what conservation implications do they have?
	d)	If Yes, to what extent are major known Aquatic Warbler passage sites are being monitored in your country?
		□ Fully (> 90% of known sites) □ High (60-90 % of known sites) □ Medium (30-60 % of known sites) □ Low (< 30 % of known sites)
	f)	To what extent have major Aquatic Warbler passage sites been identified in your country?
		 □ Fully (> 90 % of suitable habitats surveyed) □ High (60-90 % of suitable habitats surveyed) □ Medium (30-60 % of suitable habitats surveyed) □ Low (< 30 % of suitable habitats surveyed) X No monitoring is conducted No such sites are known.
	g)	What are the gaps and what is your country doing to address them?
3.1.4.		entify major wintering areas Have studies aimed at identifying Aquatic Warbler wintering areas have been conducted in your country? □ Yes □ No X Country is outside
		of wintering range
	b)	If Yes, what are the main findings and conservation implications? If available, please refer to published reports.
	c)	If Yes, To what extent was the territory of your country covered by the survey of wintering areas? ☐ Fully (> 90 % of suitable habitats surveyed) ☐ High (60-90 % of suitable habitats surveyed) ☐ Medium (30-60 % of suitable habitats surveyed) ☐ Low (< 30 % of suitable habitats surveyed)
	d)	If wintering sites have been identified, to what extend are these sites being monitored during migration? □ Fully (> 90% of known sites) □ High (60-90 % of known sites) □ Medium (30-60 % of known sites) □ Low (< 30 % of known sites) □ No monitoring is conducted

- e) If your country is outside of Aquatic Warbler wintering range, which international initiatives aimed at identification of Aquatic Warbler wintering grounds has your country been involved in? What are the main findings?
- f) What are the gaps and what needs to be done to help address them? Finding of breeding populations can help to identify sites of passing stopovers and leads to

	ringing of birds and feather collecting which (probably) can helps to find winter areas.
3.1.5.	Research into habitat characteristics at migration and wintering sites a) Has research into habitat characteristics at migration and/or wintering sites been conducted in your country?
	□ Yes X No
	b) If Yes, please provide a list of on-going and completed studies with references if results are already published.
	c) What are the main findings and conservation implications?
	d) What are the remaining gaps and what needs to be done to address them? To find such localities.
3.1.6.	Research on movements during the breeding season / exchange of subpopulations Has research on Aquatic Warbler movements during breeding season/exchange of subpopulations been conducted in your country?
	☐ Yes X No ☐ Country is outside of breeding range
	If Yes, please describe which territories were covered, what methods were used (colour ringing, radio-tagging, etc.) and what were the main findings. Please give reference to published materials if available.
	If Yes, was the research on movements during the breeding season coordinated with researchers from neighbouring Aquatic Warbler Range States.
	Tesearchers from heighbouring Aquatic Warbler Hange States. ☐ Yes ☐ No
	If the research hasn't been conducted, what is your country planning to do to initiate such cooperation?
3.1.7.	Develop and implement an international monitoring programme Is your country participating in development and/or implementation of international Aquatic Warbler monitoring programmes?
	☐ Yes X No
	If Yes, please list on-going and completed projects and indicate which areas they focus on and which other countries are involved. Please provide reference to published results if available.

Are there areas that haven't been properly addressed, if so, what needs to be done to assist your country in addressing these gaps?

To promote research useful for the conservation of the Aquatic Warbler in the *3.2.* future

		9
3.2.1.	in (dertake comparative studies on breeding success and population recruitment different habitats Have studies on breeding success and population recruitment in different habitats been conducted in your country?
		 Yes, in collaboration with other Range States Yes, on the national scale X No comparative studies have been conducted □ Country is outside of breeding range
	b)	If available, please list on-going and completed studies and give reference to published reports.
	c)	What are the main findings of these studies?
	d)	Are there any future comparative studies your country is able to initiate? What would be needed to do this?
	e)	If no comparative studies are being implemented, what is your country planning to do to stimulate this research and what assistance would be required?
3.2.2.	bre	sess the effect of burning, scything, mowing, grazing and water conditions on eeding populations Effect of which of the following factors and potential habitat management techniques on Aquatic Warbler breeding population was assessed in your country?
		Controlled burning Scything Mowing Water conditions Other (what) X No assessment has been conducted
	b)	What are the main findings and conservation implications? If available, please give reference to published reports.
	c)	Are there any gaps? What limits further assessment of this factor's effects?
3.2.3.		velop collaborative research and monitoring programmes between range-states Is your country involved in international collaborative and monitoring programmes on the Aquatic Warbler?
		X Yes □ No
all Euro marsh	exp pea habi vsk,	If yes, please provide brief details about on-going and completed projects. Which Aquatic Warbler range states are involved? What fields studied? editions aiming on discovery of breeding populations of the AW. Ornithologists from almost in countries signed MoU took part in field works. Fen mires and some other mire and wet tats were visited in selected areas of Bryansk, Pskov, Smolensk, Tver, Moscow, Ryazan', Perm', Chelyabinsk, Tyumen', Omsk, Novosibirsk and Tomsk Regions and Tatarstan

c) What are the main findings and conservation implications? Findings are not so big. Only very small unstable probably breeding population was discovered in two points in Omsk Region in 2000 (not more than 3 or 4 singing males near Lake Busly and one else 80 kms to the NW from it). These localities were inspected in 2001, 2002 and 2005 (first one) and in 2001 (second one) but birds were not found. General result is an overview of conditions of fen mires in West Siberia and in several parts of European Russia: there are huge areas of fen mires suitable for breeding of AW in West Siberia, but without these birds, and, on the other side, too small areas of native or rather non-inviolate fen-mires in European Russia; main part of previously big fen-mires were disturbed here during melioration company in XX century.

d) What are the gaps and what is needed to address them? Detail investigation of all small fen-mire units in western part of European Russia is needed and planned for 2006–2007.

4.0 PUBLIC AWARENESS

4.1. To ensure development of a strong network of organisations and individuals committed to the conservation of the Aquatic Warbler

a) Does a network of organisations/individuals committed to the conservation of the Aquatic Warbler exist in your country?

☐ Yes X No

- b) If Yes, how broad is this network and what organizations/individuals are taking the lead in facilitation and coordination of its development?
- c) What actions does your country undertake to broaden the circle of organisations and individuals committed to conservation of Aquatic Warbler?
- d) What successful experience can other Range States draw on?
- e) What would be needed to establish a network if it does not already exist or to improve an existing one?

Wait when expert in species (M. Kalyakin) will prepare and publish an article about situation with this species in RF and about method of its finding in suitable habitats.

4.2. To use the Aquatic Warbler as a flagship species

Has the Aquatic Warbler been used as a flagship species in your country for the inventory and protection of wetlands?

☐ Yes X No

If Yes, please briefly describe how and provide examples if available.

If No, what limits promotion and use of the Aquatic Warbler as a flagship species and how does your country plan to address this?

4.3. To prepare educational materials promoting and giving information

a)	Have	any	educational	and	promotional	materials	about	Aquatic	Warbler	beer
	develo	ped	in your count	ry?						

☐ Yes, specifically devoted to the Aquatic Warbler.

- ☐ Yes, the Aquatic Warbler is included into materials with a broader context.
- X No. Aquatic Warbler is not covered in educational and promotional materials.

If Yes, please describe the nature of such materials and how they were disseminated. Please give reference to published materials if available.

If No, please describe what limits development of such materials and give details about what your country is planning to do to promote Aquatic Warbler and its conservation. See point 4.1 e.

PART II. COUNTRY-SPECIFIC ACTIONS

Please report on the implementation of the country-specific actions listed for your country in Part II of the Action Plan and provide information if that is not already covered by your answers under Part I. Please describe not only the measures taken but also their impact on the Aquatic Warbler or its habitat in the context of the objectives of the Memorandum of Understanding and the Action Plan. Where you have already answered on country-specific actions in Part I, please only add a reference to the relevant answer here.

Annex I

Name of the site, geographical coordinates	Status (B – breedin g, W –	Aquatic Warbler population supported (vocalizing males (breeding) or	Year of survey	Total area of the site	Area of the site under prote	Type of protection	Does protection level fully reject possible	Site Manage ment Plan (D –
	winterin g P – passag e)	individuals (migration or wintering))			ction		detrimenta I developme nts? [Yes/No]	develope d, A - approved, I – implemen ted)
NO								
NO								
NO								