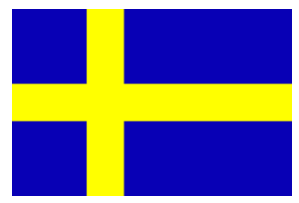
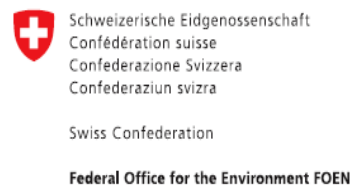


**PRE-CMS COP 10 WORKSHOP TO ENHANCE THE CAPACITY  
OF CMS/AEWA NEGOTIATORS  
ENTEBBE, UGANDA  
26-28 October 2011**

**National Preparation Planning for Multilateral Negotiation**

**Francisco Rilla**



# Overview



1. Introduction
2. CMS and Africa
3. COP 10 Bergen, Norway
4. CMS and NBSAPs
5. CMS and CBD



# 1. Introduction



Federal Ministry for the  
Environment, Nature Conservation  
and Nuclear Safety



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft  
Confédération suisse  
Confederazione Svizzera  
Confederaziun svizra

Swiss Confederation

Federal Office for the Environment FOEN



# Why do we need CMS? <sup>1</sup>



## Migratory Species are:

- Common biological resources (**shared by all Range States**)
  - Vulnerable (subject to **different threats in different states**)
  - can only survive when entire territories included in conservation measures (**threat tackled jointly**)
- CMS coordinates conservation of migratory species through framework for cooperation across the migratory range
- CBD decision VI/20 recognizes CMS as the lead partner in conserving and sustainably using migratory species over their entire range

# Why do we need CMS? <sup>2</sup>



## Parties

- **Conserve** and **restore** important habitats
- Address adverse **effects of obstacles** to migration
- Address other **factors endangering** the species (e.g. alien species, climate change)
- Prohibit taking except for science, breeding & traditional subsistence users or extraordinary circumstances
- **Follow COP recommendations** on further measures

# Migratory Species as Subject of AGREEMENTS and MoUs



*Migratory species which have an unfavorable conservation status and which require international agreements for their conservation and management*

## Parties

that are **Range States** of migratory species listed in Appendix II shall endeavor to conclude AGREEMENTS where these should benefit the species and should give priority to those species in an unfavorable conservation status



## 2. CMS and Africa



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**42** countries: CMS Parties

**5** countries: Non-Party

**6** countries: signed Agreements and/or MOUs



# CMS Parties

as of 1 July 2011

## Africa

Afrotropical  
Biogeographic Region

-  CMS Party
-  CMS Signatory
-  Agreement Party
-  MoU Signatory
-  Non-Party



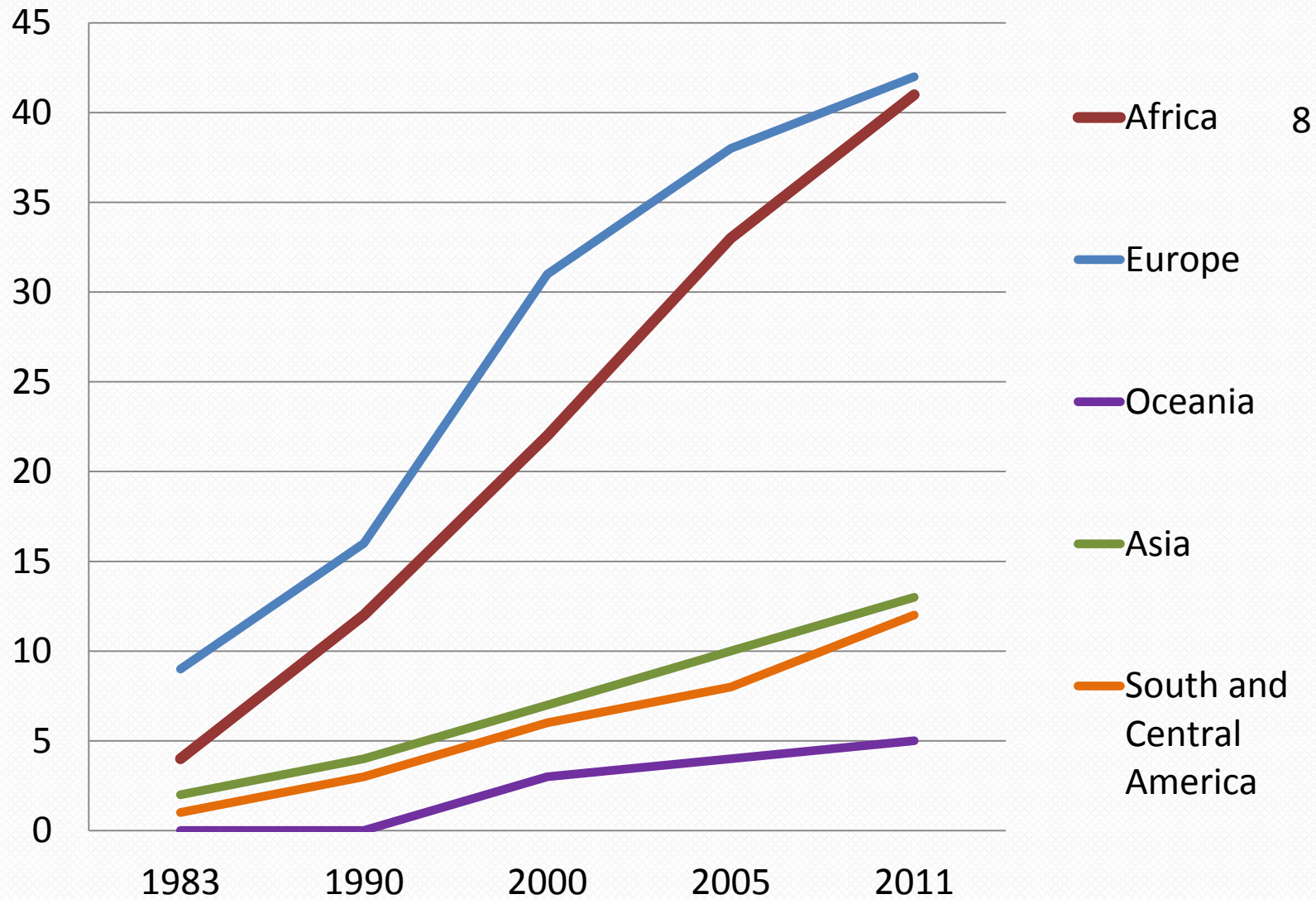
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

1000 0 1000 Kilometers





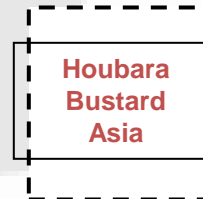
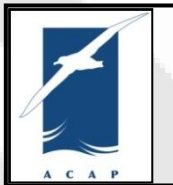
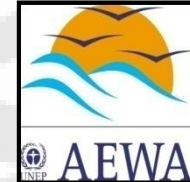
# CMS Parties: Progression of Signatories



# CMS Instruments



## 7 Binding Agreements



## 18 Memoranda of Understanding / Action Plans

Siberian Crane 1993	Slender-billed Curlew 1995	Marine Turtles Atlantic Coast of Africa 1999	Marine Turtles Ind. Ocean / S-E Asia 2000	Great Bustard 2000	Bukhara Deer 2002
Aquatic Warbler 2003	Western African Elephant 2005	Pacific Island Region Cetaceans 2006	Saiga Antelope 2006	Western African Aquatic Mammals 2007	Monk Seal 2007
Dugong 2007	Ruddy H Goose 2007	Grasslands Birds 2008	Raptors 2008	Andean Flamingos 2008	Sharks 2010
		Pacific Island Marine Turtles	Central Asian Flyway		

Concluded / In Force
  In Preparation

# CMS Instruments relevant for Africa



## 2 Binding Agreements



## 7 Memoranda of Understanding / Action Plans

Marine Turtles  
Atlantic Coast of Africa  
1999

Western African  
Elephant  
2005



Western African  
Aquatic Mammals  
2007

Monk Seal  
2007

Dugong  
2007

Raptors  
2008

Sharks  
2010

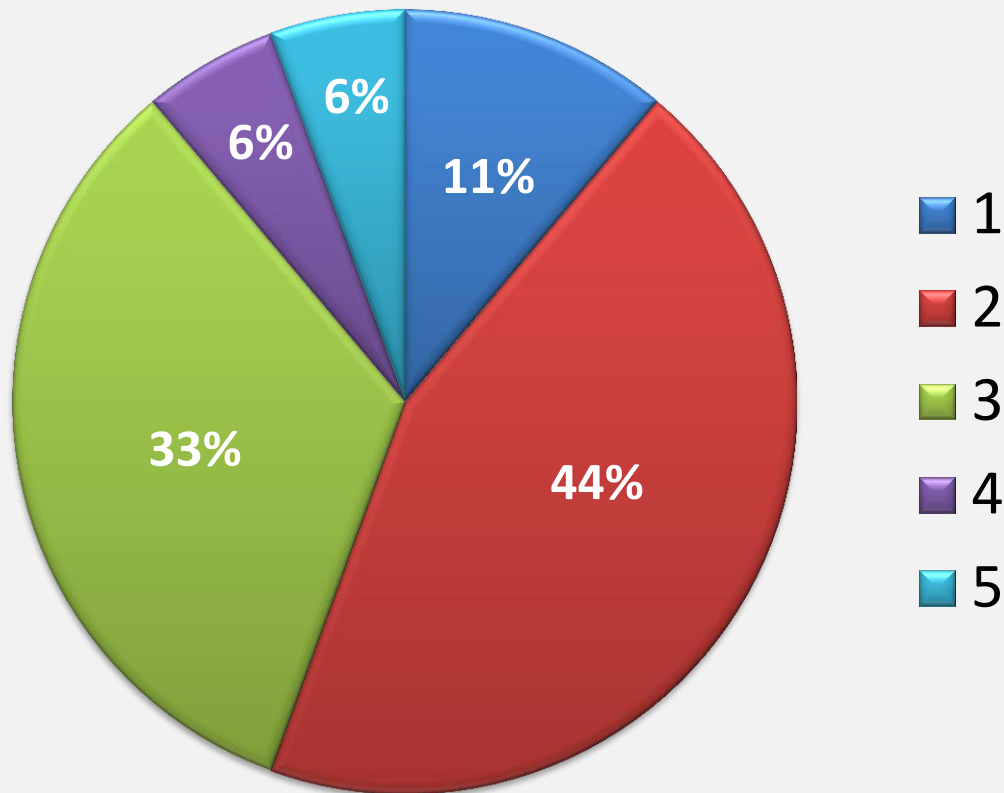
 Concluded / In Force     In Preparation

# COP 9 Rome – Italy 2008



- 86 Parties attended
- 27 African countries participated
- 19 African countries made contributions, comments, interventions

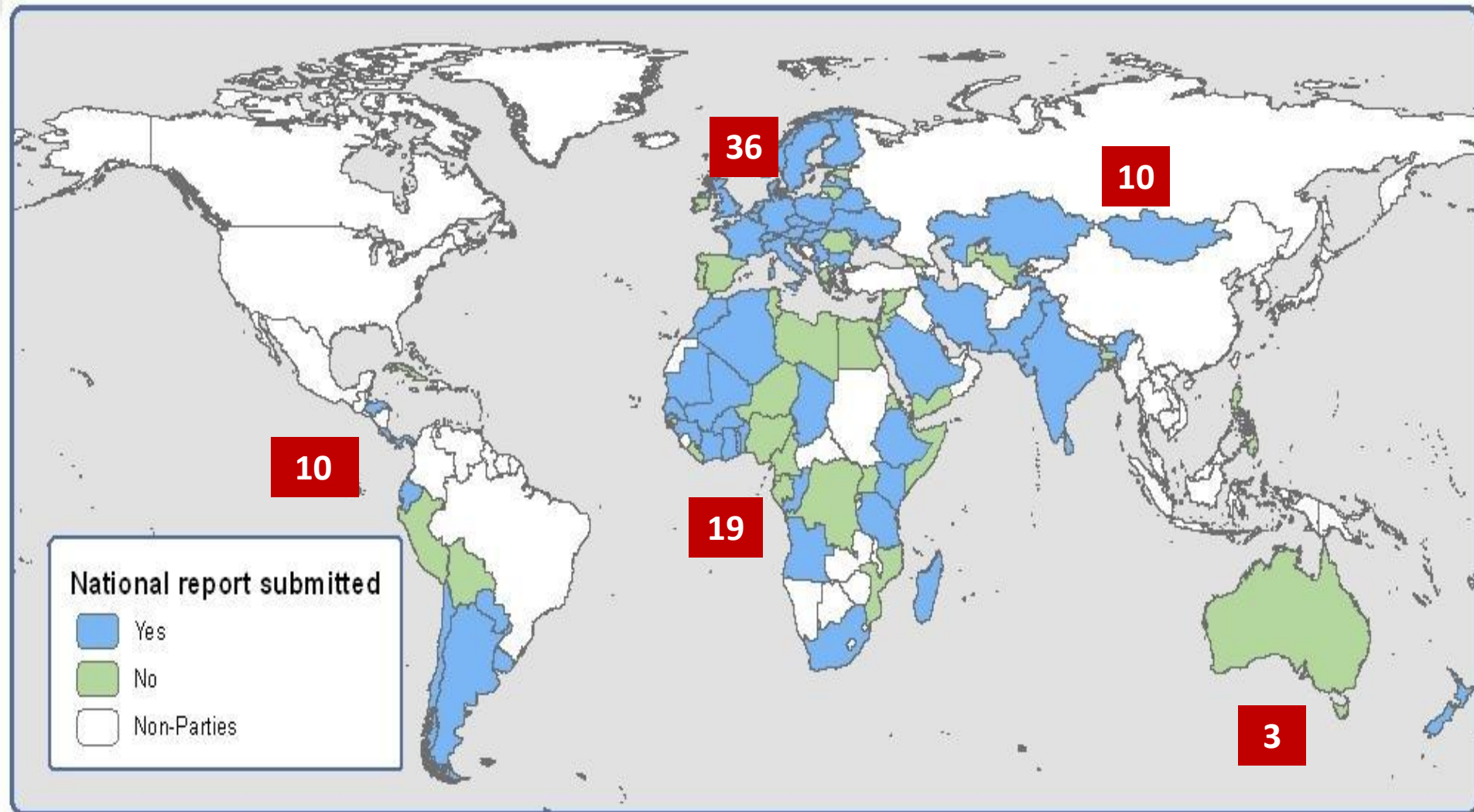
## Overview of numbers of comments/contributions/interventions

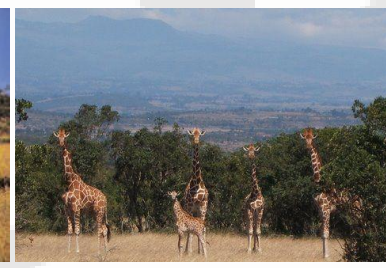


### Main African contributors:

Algeria, Burkina Faso, Republic of Congo, Chad, Cote d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of Congo, Egypt, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Senegal, South Africa, Uganda

# Submitted National Reports





### 3. COP10 - Bergen, Norway

## Relevant documents for Africa



Federal Ministry for the  
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and Nuclear Safety



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Confédération suisse  
Confederazione Svizzera  
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# COP 10 – Bergen, Norway



Online Reportings relevant for African countries

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.9

Progress in the Development and Implementation of Article IV Agreements already Concluded, and Development of New Agreements

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.11

Analysis and Synthesis of National Reports/ Analyse et Sythèse des rapports nationaux

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.15

Proposals for Amendment of Appendices



# COP 10 – Bergen, Norway



UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.16

Implementation of the Capacity Building Strategy 2009-2011

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.17

Capacity Building Activities Planned for the Next Triennium 2012-2014

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.18a

Execution of the Budget 2009-2011/Ejecución del Presupuesto de la CMS 2009-2011

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.18b

Budget 2012-2014

# COP 10 – Bergen, Norway



UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.19

Report on Resource Mobilization/  
Rapport sur la Mobilisation des  
Ressources

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.20

Future Strategies and Structures of the  
CMS Family/Stratégies et structures  
futures pour la famille CMS/

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.22

Updated Strategic Plan 2012-2014

Working groups planned

# COP 10 – Bergen, Norway



UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.23

Bird Flyway Conservation  
Policy/Politique de Conservation des  
Itinéraires aériens des Oiseaux/

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.26.Rev.1

Outcomes of the 10th Conference of  
the Parties to the Convention on  
Biological Diversity and Decisions  
Relevant to CMS and Its Parties /  
10ème Conférence des Parties à la  
Convention sur la Diversité biologique

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.28

Report on Synergies and Partnerships

# COP 10 – Bergen, Norway



UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.29	Review on the Conflict between Migratory Birds and Electricity Power Grids in the African-Eurasian Region
UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.30	Guidelines for mitigating the conflict between migratory birds and electricity power grids
UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.35	Implementation of Resolution 8.22 on Human-Induced Impacts on Cetaceans
UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.36	Measures to promote conservation and sustainable management of Appendix I species

# COP 10 – Bergen, Norway



UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.38

*Modus Operandi* for Conservation Emergencies/ *Modus operandi* pour répondre aux urgences de conservation

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.40

Impact of Climate Change on Migratory Species: the Current Status and Avenues for Action/ Impact du Changement Climatique sur les Espèces Migratrices: Etat des Lieux et Pistes d'Action

UNEP/CMS/Conf.10.42a

Avian Influenza



## 4. CMS and NBSAPs



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# What are NBSAPs?



## What are NBSAPS?

- “Road maps” to fulfill Conventions objectives
- Tools for integration of biodiversity planning
- Plans that integrate biodiversity strategies into other related national initiatives

# CMS and NBSAPs



CMS is drafting guidelines on NBSAPs for the conservation of MS to **integrate them in CBD's NBSAPs measures**, including

- A review on what the CMS Family has already in place
- National implications, required strategies and actions
- Review of existing NBSAPs
  - identify links to
    - relevant protected areas
    - Habitats
    - institutional, legal and policy requirements



# Requirements for NFPs on CMSs

## NBSAPs



Liaise with NFPs of other MEAs in order to

- strengthen synergies
- avoid duplication
- promote effective use of potentially scarce resources

# NBSAP project objectives



- Review **experience in development**, implementation and revision of NBSAPs
- review **extend of mainstreaming** into policy, plans and projects
- identify the **obstacles/barriers**
- develop **recommendations** for national biodiversity planning

# Knowledge base



- Most countries included improvement of knowledge base
- countries generally only basic knowledge of state of biodiversity in their countries – **although this is sufficient to act**
- NBSAPs a good opportunity to increase knowledge

# NBSAPs and other biodiversity related conventions



- CBD Secretariat organized workshops to assist in updating NBSAPs
- Funding is available for NBSAP updating from the **Global Environmental Facility (GEF)** for:
  - Developing countries
  - Countries with economies in transition

# Progress in NBSAP implementation



Progress in implementation of NBSAPs has mostly been in the following areas:

- improving the knowledge base
- communication, education and public awareness
- coverage of protected areas
- development of new legislation

# CMS and CBD



- CBD and CMS need a coherent approach to Convention implementation
  - All CMS Parties are CBD Parties
- CBD actions benefit migratory species
  - CBD work programmes **affect habitats** for migratory species
  - **CBD Strategic Plan 2011-2020** includes many migratory species-related issues